

Pcs. White Grass Cloth, best quality
Pieces Blue Grass Cloth.
Pieces White Pongee Silk.
Pieces Black Satin.
Pieces Assorted Dress Silks.
Assortment Jewelry, Fancy Jewelry Boxes
STONE GATE POSTS, BRICKS,
CHINA WARE AND FURNITURE
 742 3m

GO TO
DILLINGHAM & CO.'S
No. 95 King Street,
TO BUY YOUR
Pocket and Table Cutlery
 743 3m

AUCTIONS SALE

BY C. S. BARTOW.

ON WEDNESDAY. : : : AUGUST 31st,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., AT SALES ROOM,
Will be Sold.

An Assortment of Dry Goods!
—ALSO—
By order of S. B. Dole, Esq., Assignee of
the Estate of J. W. King.

The Following Articles of Furniture
Painted Bed-Room Set (Furniture), viz:
Bedstead, Bureau, Washstand and Chairs, Rocking Chair,
Lounge, 1 Table, Looking Glass, Child's Crub, 1 Clock.

1 SMALL COVERED WAGON!
1 Grey Horse, broken to Carriage.
1 Sorrel Riding Horse,
1 cream colored half Laurel Coll.

Also, ONE PIANO-FORTE,
Barrels of Columbia River Salmon.
C. S. BARTOW, Auctioneer.

ON SATURDAY, - - - - SEPT. 3d,
AT 12 O'CLOCK A. M.,
On the Lot owned by Mr. Kinney, and makal of his
Residence, Neenah Valley,

**A LOT OF PANEL AND SASH DOORS,
DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES,
Lot of Old Lumber!**
C. S. BARTOW, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
At Auction.
The Undersigned will Sell at Public Auction
ON SATURDAY, - - SEPTEMBER 3d,
FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., ON THE PREMISES,
That Desirable Private Residence situated on Alakae, near
Hotel Street, and known as
The Natchez Premises,
 and formerly occupied by Dr. Gullion. The Buildings are located in a pleasant Garden, and contain 
a large airy Parlor 18x20, three Bed-rooms, Dining Room, Pantry, Kitchen and Servant House; also, a good sized Cottage adjoining.
Terms will be made easy, thus affording a rare opportunity for securing a very desirable Family Residence.
C. S. BARTOW, Auctioneer.

THE VERY BEST



MANILA

CIGARS!

TO BE HAD ON THE

CORNER OF FORT & MERCHANT STS.

H. McINERNEY.

JUST RECEIVED

—EX—

Barkentine "Jane A. Falkinburg!"

AND FOR SALE BY

CASTLE & COOKE!

BBLS. NO. 1 COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON,
Barrela Backs Columbia River Salmon,
Half Barrela Columbia River Salmon,
Half Barrela Salmon Bellies,
Kits Salmon Bellies.

742 2m

NOW LANDING

—FROM THE—

Barkentine "Jane A. Falkinburg!"

FROM PORTLAND, OREGON.

HALF BLS. BEST SALMON.

Catch of 1870!



Choice Oregon Hams, Sugar Cured,
AND VERY SUPERIOR.
SACKS BEST CALIFORNIA BUTTER (Clean and Heavy)
FOR SALE AT LOWEST RATES,
At the Family Grocery and Feed Store, by
742 1st St. **L. BARTLETT.**

REMOVAL.

Mrs. Selfe, Milliner and Dress-maker,
BEGS TO INFORM THE LADIES OF
Hoswauld and its vicinity, that she has removed her
Business from 73 Fort Street to
Hotel St., next door to the American Commissioner's,
Where she will be happy to receive their orders as before. She
returns her sincere thanks for the kind patronage bestowed, and
hopes by strict attention to business, combined with moderate
charges, to merit a continuance of their favors.

743

ALL Descriptions of Under Clothing Made to Order.
1m

REMOVED!

DR. BUFFUM TAKES PLEASURE IN
informing his many friends and the public generally, that
he has moved into one of his Rooms under his Hat,
No. 20 HOTEL-ST., A FEW DOORS WEST OF NULAM,
Where he has a GOOD ASSORTMENT of
Drugs and Medicines, Perfumery,
Soaps, Hair Oils, Brushes, Combs,
Toilet Powder, Cologne, &c., &c.,
WHICH HE SELLS CHEAP FOR CASH!

743

IMPERIAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LONDON.
(Instituted 1803.)
CAPITAL, \$8,000,000 IN GOLD!

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED
to issue policies on Fire risks (with or without the average clause) on Plantation Houses, Hotels, Private Dwellings, Brick, Stone and Wooden Stores, Merchandise, Coals, Lumber, Ships in Port, and the contents of the same.
All losses adjusted and paid for here.
For particulars apply at the office of
WALKER & ALLEN,
743 1/2 Street Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

For Rent or Lease.

THE HOUSE AND PREMISES
recently occupied by J. MANTLE, and situated on the corner of one of the most desirable locations on Nuuanu Avenue, is now available for rent or lease.
The Cottage and Premises adjoining makai.
For further particulars, apply to
C. E. WILLIAMS,
735 Or. H. WOOD.

Public Notice.

HAVING PURCHASED J. W. KING'S
entire Photographic stock, together with his Negatives, any persons wishing duplicate copies can have them printed at Chas. H. Photographs Gallery, Fort Street.
742 St.
H. H. CHASE.

Estate of E. Burgess, Deceased.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN
appointed Temporary Administrator upon the Estate of the late Edward Burgess, do hereby give notice that he hereby claims against the above Estate will present them to the undersigned for payment, and that he claims for himself and all persons indebted to the said Estate.
W. C. PARKE,
Temporary Administrator.
Honolulu, August 11, 1870.
742 St.

C. BREWER & CO.
Commission and Shipping Merchants,
743 Honolulu, Oahu H. I. 19

MERCHANTISE

NOW ON HAND,
AND FOR SALE BY

G. BREWER & CO.

—AT—

Low Prices,
—TO—

CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

An Invoice **McMurray's** Celebrated Oysters.

FRESH 1 POUND CANS.
Fresh, 2 pound Cans.
Spiced 1 pound Cans.
Spiced 2 pound Cans.

An Invoice of Glassware.

Flint Glass Oil Lamps,
Large Round Glass Dishes,
Salt Cellars, Trays and Engraved,
Butter and Cheese Dishes, Opal color,
New and Old

Spoon Mowers and Vases,
Large Glass Fruit Dishes, etc., etc.

—ALSO—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

1 Whitman's Horse Power, 1 Thrasher and Cleaner, 1 Rice Hailer, 1 Coffee Miller, 1 Fan Mill, Grain Cradles, Calcutrators,	Sets Whistle Trees, Ox Yokes, Planters' Hoes, Eds & Hoes, Handled Ox's, Log Chains, Platform Scales,
---	--

PLOWS.



Eagle 76, Eagle 124, Eagle No. 2, Eagle A. No. 20, A 3 Side-Hill,	Steel X 1 1/2, Steel U G 3, Double Mould Board, Farris Plows, Horse Hoes, Steel X O.
---	---

CARTS.

Horse Carts, Mule Carts, Light Hand-Carts,
Light Hand-Carts for Trash Carriers.

Sundries.

Coopers' Anvils, Keg and Barrel Rivets, Farmers' Bolsters, Grindstones, Rubber Packing, Pick Axes, Crowbars, Cart Axles and Boxes, Shingling Hatchets, Brass Wire Cloth, Fence Wire,	Ames' Spauldes, Ames' Shovels, Keb's Shovels, Hoe Handles, Axe Handles, Hump Packing, Pick Handles, Axe Hatchets, Babbet Metal, Fire Sand, Hoop Iron.
--	---

WOODEN WARE.





Chopping Trays, Market Baskets, Wood Sars, Barrel Flugs, Brooms, Children's Cabs, Cowhide Whips,	Rolling Pins, Zur Wash Boards, Oak Buckets, Bungs, Wheel Jacks, Checks, Haggy Shafts.
--	---

—ALSO—

American and English Baddies.
Malwa Burpils, bales Gunny Bags.
Casks Cumberland Coal,
300 tons Lackawanna Coal,
Ash Pines, cases Palm Leaf Hats,
Bales of Hemp Salt Duck.

PAINTS, & C.

Putty in Tins, Keeps Venetian Red, Burns French Yellow, Keys Whiting, Barrels Lampblack, White Lead, Barrels Chalk,	Cases Benline, Cases Spirits Turpentine, Cases Linseed Oil, Barrels Linseed Oil, Cases Cane Varnish, Tins Damur Varnish, Tins Furniture Varnish,
---	--

Metallic Paint.

GROCERIES.

Cases Cassia, cases Pimento,
Cases Cloves, cases Lemon Sprig,
Cases Cee Calabritas, cases Cards Soda,
Burrett's Extracts Pembroke Salt, Dairy Salt.

A FEW CASES OF

MRS. FEARING'S PRESERVES,

743 Crab Apples, Plums, Pears, etc., etc. 3m

Butcher Wagon.

 **ONE COVERED BUTCHER**
WAGON on springs—for sale by
743 3m. RETZLER & CO.

To Arrive per "Iolani,"

500 CASES DOWNER'S KEROSENE

743 3m Oil. For sale by C. BREWER & CO

PIANOS.

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

 **SOME OF THE HALLET & Cumston Instruments have been in this city for over fourteen years, and still retain their purity and brilliancy of tone. They are built to last, and are in the end the cheapest instruments offered in this market.**

One 7 Octave, Rosewood Case,

HALLET & CUMSTON PIANO

743 3m For Sale by C. BREWER & CO.

AMERICAN DRY GOODS

C. BREWER & CO.
HAVE FOR SALE,
Sheetings, Drillings, and Denims,
NAMESLY:
BSALES STARK MILLS A SHEETING.
Bales Stark Mills B Sheetng,
Bales Stark Mills A Drilling.
Cases Powhatan Denims,
Cases Merrimac Denims,
Cases Union Denims.
Ginghams and Cottons,
Cases Glasgow Mills Ginghams,
Cases Bleached Baltic Cottons,
Cases Bleached Forest Dell Cottons,

Cases Bleached Truckee River Cottons,
Cases Bleached Ridgewater Brown Cottons,
Cases Blue, Rockingham Brown Cottons

PRINTS,

Cases "Albion" Prints—Green and Red,
Cases "Oriental" Prints—Buff and Purple,
Cases "American" Prints—Browns,
Cases "Cuckoo" Prints—Browns,
Cases One "Chino" Prints—White.

For Sale Low to Close Consignments,


—BY—

743 3m **C. B. BREWER & CO.**

Fairbanks' Scales,
OF ALL SIZES—WEIGHING FROM 700
TO 3,000 pounds.
ALSO, COUNTER SCALES.

For sale by
743 3m **C. B. BREWER & CO.,**
Market Wharf.

Anchor and Chains.

 **ANCHORS FROM 300 TO 800 LBS.**
AND CHAINS 1/4 IN. DIA. TO 1 IN.
743 3m **C. B. BREWER & CO.**

Kaolin, Fire Sand,
PIPE CLAY,—FOR SALE BY
743 3m **C. B. BREWER & CO.**

THEO. H. DAVIES
OFFERS FOR SALE
TO ARRIVE



PER BARK "COURIER,"
Daily Expected
FROM LIVERPOOL,
—THE FOLLOWING—
Choice Assortment of Merchandise,
EXPRESSLY AND CAREFULLY

SELECTED FOR THIS MARKET!

—COMPRISING—

COTTONS!

Vis:—PRINTS of the most dashing and recherche styles, Mot-
ties and Stripes, in orange, lilac, green, pink, yellow and
violet, patterns of which will be shown on arrival.

WHITE SHIRTINGS,
Fine and medium qualities,
GREY SHIRTINGS,
Medium quality and wide,
GREY DRILLINGS,
Heavy and medium
WHITE DRILLINGS,
Heavy and medium,
WHITE DAMASK,
Assorted patterns.

LINENS!

Bleached and Striped Drillings,
Superior and medium,
Brown Diagonal Drills,
Light and heavy,
Bleached Sheetings,
66 inches—very fine.

CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
Finest qualities, in pieces and hemmed,
BLACK BOLLANTS AND COITINGS,
Assorted numbers and widths,
SUPERIOR BLOUSE LINEN,
And numbers and widths
TREAD,
White, black and brown—assorted numbers

WOOLEENS!

SHAWLS—Black Merino, Cashmere, colored, embroidered
and superior all wool Shoppers, of assorted sizes,
WATER-PROOF TWEEDS—different patterns,
TABLINGs—assorted widths and colors,
TRAMPING SUITS.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS AND SIZES,
CIRIMBAN SHIRTS,
A splendid assortment of the very latest styles
BLANKETS,
White, green, orange, scarlet and gentian
of all sizes & widths.
UNION AND TWILLED FLANNEL,
White and indigo blue—30 inch,
PATENT VELVET & SATINS,
Choice designs—22 inch,
BROADCLOTHS,
Black and blue—double width.

GROCERIES!

J. & T. MORTON'S PIE FRUITS, JAMS,
Jellies, Cream Tartar, Saleratus, Pepper,
Mustard, Salad Oil, Vinegar, Curry Powder,
Pumpkin, Olives, Mixed Spices, Mace,
Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Ginger,
Sage, Thyme, Mint,
Parsley, Mustard Herbs,
WORCESTERSHIRE AND OTHER SAUCES
Tins of Preserved Fruit Hams,
Choice York Hams in Salt,
Coddish Hoes and Sardines

HOCKIN & WILSON'S ASS'D SAUCES

Pie Fruits, Jams, Jellies, Lemon Syrup,
Essal Oil, assorted Pickles, Mustard,
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel,
Cucum, Macaroni, Vermicelli,
Potted Meats, Pepper,
Currie Powder, and
Cream Tartar.

LIQUORS, WINES AND BEERS

DUNVILLE'S WHISKY, in bottles and bulk,
BLANDY—Marshall's and Hennessy's brand,
CHAMPAGNES of superior brand,
Rum & Co.'s celebrated Ale and
Porter, Ginger Wine, Rum

SUNDRIES.


Silk and Cotton Umbrellas, all sizes,
Ladies' Straw Hats, untrimm'd, newest styles,
J. Gossell & Co.'s unequalled Perfumes,
Soaps, Brushes, etc., Gossell & Son's
Fragrant Palm-Kernel Soap, in 6
pound boxes, Hemp Cans,
Sheathing Flt.,
Roofing Felt,
Heavy Bagging, 40 and 42 inch, Burlap Bags,
Zinc and Boiled Oil, White Lead, Naphtha,
Turkaid Cement, and Fire Brick, arch and square,
Slates, Fencing Wire, No. 4 and 5,
Hemp Iron, 1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 14, and 18 inch,
Mangle, 1' ordg's, ass'd sizes,
Spaniards, Amboyian Hand-saw,
Coals, Liverpool Salt, etc., etc.

742 4t

THEO. H. DAVIES.

NEW GROCERIES

NEW
GROCERIES



EX STEAMER AJAX

CASES CALIFORNIA SMOKED BEER
CASES CALIFORNIA HAMS,
CASES CALIFORNIA BACON
CASES CALIFORNIA CORNISH.

Cases California Cream Cheese
CASES, CALIFORNIA ONIONS,
CASES CALIFORNIA TURNIPS
CASES CAL. POTATOES,
GOLDEN GATE BAKERS' EXTRA FLOUR
Golden Gate Family Extra Flour,
Bags California Oats
BAGS CALIFORNIA BRAN,
BAGS CALIFORNIA WHEAT.
FOR SALE LOW BY
H. E. MCINTYRE & BRO
743 ST.
FRENCH LESSONS.
A YOUNG FRENCH LADY WILL GIVE
instruction in the French Language. Parties desiring
lessons will please make application at the residence of Mr.
R. Bishop. 743 ST.

THE PACIFIC

Commercial Advertiser

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27.
An Infamous Traffic.

The San Salvador ship *Dolores Ugarte*, is lying outside our harbor, having arrived on Wednesday last, from Macao, with five hundred and eighty-four coolies on board, bound for Callao. We learn that the Captain requests permission to land his cargo in squads of fifty, for the purpose of supercubing them. It seems that the last ship which stopped here, the *Henry Th*, lost two hundred and seventy of her chattels between port and Callao, for this reason this Captain desires to air his cargo.

This ship, like the former, has all the paraphernalia of the old time slaver: grated hatch ways, barricades, aft, sentries, &c., &c. A few of the unfortunates are allowed on deck at a time, for exercise, and in order to accelerate their movements men with cat-o-nine-tails stand at convenient distances to keep them moving lively. Imagine, reader, five hundred human beings crisscrossed and confined between decks in such weakness as we have had the past week. The poor wretches crowd to the main hatch gratings for air. If the strong succeed, the weak must stand back and die. Imagine, if you can, the channel through the *Henry Th* must have become with six or eight

men dying daily. Of course her cargo did not pay. Shall we help the owners of this cargo line their pockets? The first promptings of humane heart would be to let this cargo land but is it not better to refuse the right to the five hundred and seventy and thus prevent the hellish traffic, by making it unprofitable? Be-
cause thus than let thousands be sacrificed in time to come. The question is, shall the Hawaiian Islands become the half-way house for the South American slaves?

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

FAMILY FIASCO.—Having occasion to visit the Court House last Tuesday morning, our attention was attracted by an unusual crowd of spectators gathered in and about the doors of the Police Court room. On inquiry, we were informed that it was a case of malicious injury committed by an irate female on the property of her liege lord, wherein she had smashed up sundry articles of crockery and other domestic utensils, and sloshed around generally in a very promiscuous manner. Whereupon the "headstrong" caused madame to be arrested and ignominiously locked up. On the trial two valuable counsel appeared, one on each side, and justice to the counsel for the defendant, we should say that he was called upon to defend after the case was in Court, and consequently had but little time for preparation. As the trial proceeded the husband's case was proved to be much the strongest, in fact his experience was a hard one, he evinced having married a virago. Counsel for defense had no chance to clear his client, and so resolved to let her off as easily as possible. Now commenced the sparring of counsel interspersed with a deal of humor, which was hugely enjoyed by the audience.

and even the grave Magistrate was compelled to
than once to pucker up his mouth in a frown
to repress a smile. Had it not been for Benedict
suffered, and, innumerable, from the violence of
spouse who is a native woman. Sticks and clubs
be hurled at his head; shoe brushes had been
battered at him, in fact every indignity had been
perpetrated upon him, when he hit upon the expedient
of installing a foreign lady as house-keeper, think
ing perhaps that his spouse would behave better to
her company. Kall was a native woman, and a
native woman. "Hell knows how angry like a woman
sore," and hence the rampage and destruction
properly for which she was on trial.

Some of our intimates, who are "family jars,"
broke out on cross-examination, were sufficient
inducement. It was testified to that on one occasion
the virago had shied a shoe brush at Benedict;
and that on another she had hurled a stick at him.
It was certainly an error of judgment to say the least; it
the violence of the spouse had been a regular dis-
play for nearly the whole of their married life, the
years of marriage being the years of the wrath of
the husband had delighted in applying to his wife
the endearing terms of "my dear," "my love"
and had endeavored to make her his intimate friend
and confidante. It could be considered the normal con-
dition of matrimony. Had to say, however, the sub-
sequent examination proved that the abnormal was
succeeded to the normal. The endearing terms
of "my dear" and "my love" were applied to the
defendant. It was a matter of doubt in the mind
of the learned counsel whether this change in the
note cu coeur was properly a part of the evidence
in the case. It was the advent of the afore-
said house-keeper. But the "most unkindest cut
of all" was the statement of the plaintiff that
she had never loved her husband. It was not
before the lychnical knot was tied, a fact which
learned too late. Defendant's case was certainly
desperate one; but her counsel, never dismayed

drought in upon the Court. The Court, in its opinion, said that the planning appeal to the Court. The eloquence of defense being temporary insanity. The eloquence for the traduced lady in commenting on the evidence said that in his opinion the lady had been sane before her marriage, that plaintiff had not covered it during the balmy hours of courtship. But as "Toots" said, in these halcyon hours of bliss, the lady had been sane. The Court said that the Court was called to the fact that in the early months of marriage the husband had applied the dearing terms of "dear" and "love," in "fixing your Honor, he could not resist the temptation of the moments of his choicest fancies; but in the lapse of six short months a change had come over the spirit of his dream, and instead of "dear" he now addressed his spouse with the terms of "my dear Madam," and "my dear Madam," and of itself your Honor was sufficiently harrowing to sensitive mind. The Court is perhaps aware that the "flurries" of this lady were of an unusual character. The Court said that the lady was within the reach that could be broken, evidence

uncommon cerebral excitement. The plaintiff, intelligent man, having a literary reputation, and guilty of a grave error, was not to be despised. Spats' are not rare even in the best regulated families, as the Court knew but they are far from being undesirable in the domestic circle. They are often like the storm which precedes the sun. The storm clouds were dark and heavy, but the sun of domestic felicity bursts forth smiling after the rain and beauties of nature bloom afresh." The Court howsoever could not "see it," was too old to see it, and so the defendant, the Aspasia to find bail the sum of \$100 for one year, and keep the peace towards her liege lord, which was promptly given. The court considered the fact that she was going to get married during that period. We congratulate Benedit.

THE REDUPLICATION OF NAMES.—The New York City Directory for the year ending May 1st, 1876 contains 16,000 more names than its immediate predecessor. Two hundred of those personal apppellations have been gained by the Smith family,

now muster 1,800 strong in Gotham. The Underground foot up 500, and beat the Joneses who stopped 600. The Joneses are a family who have been harassed since they have seized upon the family Robinson (not the Swiss) for, contrary to the usual exhibit, they have come to New York for some unknown reason. They are an excellent, reason, the statistics of the Brown. Whites have been omitted. We hope that the members of those ancient and honorable families cherish no malice toward the compiler.

CROTON OT NUTS.—A day or two since a party of young folks taking a stroll out of town, came to a croton ot nut. Curiosity prompted them to cut the nuts, and finding them swarmed, the result of a party of these tickle-ho-ho, but not a word. As was, they were pretty sick for a day. Croton oil is well known as a violent cathartic.—*Crotonigium* is the botanical name. The tree is now common in the South. It is said to be used to eradicate them whenever found growing about the premises.

FRANCE VS. PRUSSIA.—A Frenchman in New York took a store on Broadway which he rented to the Germans for \$1,800 per annum. They asked for a reduction in the rent, and proposed that if the Prussians whipped the French they would pay it less than before, but if the French were victorious they would pay the \$1,800. The Frenchman never said that if the Prussians won, the rent was

be \$200 less, but if the contrary was the result it should be \$1,800 as before. This novel wager was clinched by a written contract.

HOME AGAIN.—By the *Wonga Wonga*, from New Zealand, arrived two Hawaiians, who return to their native land after an absence of thirty years, most of which time they have spent in New Zealand. One is a half-caste, his father, as he says, having married a native girl from those islands in the company with Capt. Alexander Adams. The men say they left Lahaina in a whaler, the name of which they can not remember, but the Captain's name was Mayhew and the whaler was called the *Wonga Wonga*. He was, alternately among the Maories and the settlers, and learned to speak English and Maori. He says that he has seen many of the same old things, some strange, unlike the Honolulu of their own country, but he has seen many of the things that are still there. Like Enoch Arden, they are strangers in their own country.

MULTIPLIED BIRDS.—By the last steamer from Australia, was received a number of cockatoos, lovebirds, and other birds peculiar to the antipodes. Among the ares are a pair of emus, or New Holland cassowaries, allied to the ostrich, but smaller, and their means of defense is said to be, "kicking up behind." An enthusiastic Australian, in describing their kicking powers, asserted that they had been known to kick a man with one blow of the foot. They are famed for their speed, outstripping the fastest horse.

NEW WORD.—Every now and then some newspaper writer comes a new word, which, after going the rounds comes into general use and is looked upon as legitimate. Thus originated "telegrams," comprehensive for "telegraphic message." And now we have "paragrams," as a standing newspaper heading for those short paragraphs which are called "paraphrases," which make such agreeable denuding readers

COMPLIMENTARY.—A friend has handed us a copy of the Burlington (Iowa) *Gazette*, the editor of which makes his acknowledgments to Mr. J. R. Fayerweather, and says: "The editor of Honolulu papers, and all other papers that would do credit to any country." The Mr. Fayerweather mentioned is his brother, the late Abram Fayerweather, who resided here for many years, and left children and grand children.

EF.—A Paris paper vauntingly says the present war is "God's intervention to put a check upon Protestantism." It is not as likely the means by which a "jealous God" intends to punish a church which is responsible for the impious dogma of infallibility, which was publicly proclaimed about the same time that war was declared. Let the future decide.

ALL RIGHT NOW.—While the *Ajias* was waiting long after the hour set for her departure, an anxious passenger inquired the cause of the delay. "Oh, nothing but to get ready some important despatches from the foreign office, notifying France, Prussia, and the rest of Europe, that we had declared our neutrality during the war."—Was the reply one of the knowing ones.

A SHOW-UP.—On Thursday, quite a smart show-up fell on the hills back of the town, and reaching to the suburbs, but did not reach to our parched and dusty streets. The "hot term" still continues, and day after day the sun beats down with a withering power. Strange newly arrived pronounces the weather "delightful, while old residents regret the return of the blowing trade winds, which are just setting in again.

MASONIC.—A special meeting of Hawaiian Lodge No. 21, F. & A. M., will be held at their Lodge room, Makee's building, Queen street, Wednesday evening next, at 7 1/2 o'clock. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

NEXT NEWS.—The *Ethan Allen* has not arrived over at the latest advices, 15 days out from this port. She will be due here Sept. 5 to 10. In the mean time, the *brave* *Firefly* or schooner *Maggie Johnson* may touch here, on route to the Fiji, some time next week.

☞ We would call the attention of travellers to the advertisement of the Central Pacific Railroad. The fare to the west coast and most comfortable mode of travel from the Pacific to the Eastern States. The through time is 6 days at 20 hours, and the cost about \$250 in gold.

☞ It is said that the Police Magistrate's commission expired on the 23rd inst., and that it has not been renewed because the Second Associate Justice refuses to give his consent. The Police Magistrate, says he must come. Teyou will win; so we predict.

☞ The British gunboat *Slaney*, recently wrecked in Chinese waters, was a small steamer measuring 300 tons, with engines rated at 80 horse-power, and carried only one gun.

☞ The alarm bell of the fire department will be struck at fifteen minutes past four o'clock this afternoon. To try the new striking apparatus. Don't be alarmed.

☞ FROM AUSTRALIA.—We find but little news worth copying, in our Colonial files. The all-engrossing subject now looks for an opposite direction—from Europe.

☞ MORE COUPONS.—On Wednesday last, Bartow sent some of our coupons in the Grand Mercantile Library Association Lottery at \$1.17 each.

MORAL AND LAW ABIDING.—Since Tuesday last there has not been a single case in the Police Court of this city.

Letter from Auckland.

AUCKLAND, N. Z., August 3rd, 1870.

MY DEAR COMMERCIAL:—Here I am a regular Britisher, all but the side lights, and the loose 'W' having attained a weight of one hundred and fifty pounds sterling. Our arrival had been anxiously looked for, as many had about given up the 'Wagon' as being overdue. The cause of which was 'short of coal.' This cry was heard when

[illegible]

to hear he had been discharged.
The demand that the whole of the Colonies are very much depressed at present, trade dull, and markets largely unprosperous. Failure going on every day, some of them very heavy losses.

CONTINUATION OF THE NEW By the Ajax.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—An official notification was between France and Prussia having been received yesterday, that the President of the United States had determined to issue a proclamation of neutrality. He says he will promulgate this order of neutrality when he returns from St. Louis. The proclamation will particularly explain the neutrality laws, so they may be fully understood by the people.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—The excitement among the Germans over the news of the Prussian victory is intense. Furious crowds throng the vicinity of the newspapers, particularly those of the German language. Grand demonstrations will be made

night, in the way of mass meetings, processions, etc., and the exclusion of the press. The bidding was for an exclusive right of catching fur seals at St. Paul and St. George, Alaska. The bids were fourteen in number; the highest was for \$100,000, made by the firm of the bid of Louis Goldstone, of San Francisco being the highest, and that of the American Fur Company the lowest. The award was made to the firm of Goldstone and his partner.

The President yesterday appointed Captain C. Hall to the command of the expedition to the Arctic regions, and to the command of the Congress, and for which the sum of \$50,000 was appropriated.

GEN. NAT. July 23.—Sam. Frankin arrived here from California, having come here to see Captain Hall, and confer with him in regard to his Arctic discoveries.

As previously announced, the dogmas of infallibility were proclaimed at Rome Monday, July 18th. The public session of the Ecumenical Council commenced at nine in the morning, and the pope, in the presence of the Fathers arrived at the conclusion of the mass when a prayer was offered, invoking the aid of the Holy Spirit, and the pope then proceeded to vote on the entire scheme of primacy and infallibility, and it was adopted; 528 voted "placet," 2 voted "non placet," and 33 "retrahit se," or legitimate opposition ended.

The Pope then appeared, and promulgated new article of faith, and the ceremonies closed with a Te Deum, in which all the members of

A letter from Pere Hynacithe, which declares against the declaration of the dogma of infallibility has appeared and causes a sensation; the Catholic organs attack the letter and insist with much bitterness.

Details of the massacre of foreigners at Pekin are received. The first accounts did not exaggerate the horrors of the affair; neither are nor sex were spared. Some persons were burned to death in the buildings destroyed.

The *Journal Officiel* of Austria says, the Government having exhausted all means of mollifying the press, proposes that a war has been resolved to observe a strict neutrality, but at the same time keep up a careful watch for a chance of a peaceful settlement. Russia announces that she has taken up arms against the theatre of war, and abridge its duration.

VIENNA, July 20.—Austria will establish a steam line from Trieste to Southampton to connect with America.

BERLIN, July 24.—Italy issued a proclamation of neutrality at Florence to-day.

MADRID, July 21.—The Spanish press generally ridicules the proclamation of the dogma of infallibility.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The statement is reiterated that Russia's relation to the belligerent powers depends on Austria. If the latter maintains neutrality, Russia will remain neutral. The only question is whether after this situation would be the rising of the Poles.

London Telegrams.

LONDON, July 28.—France has inquired through Russia, on what conditions could be made. Russia has replied that Austria was embodied in four words.—"It is too late."

The *Morning Post* prints to-day in large type, an account of an interview with Napoleon. It says that Napoleon is very ill, and that he is unable to write.

of war, but France was slipping from his hands and he must lead the people to a foreign war. The Emperor claimed that Bismarck was too weak to do this, and that he would be too strong as an equivalent for his neutrality in the treaty with Austria; Bismarck demanded Holland as an equivalent for Luxemburg. The Emperor insisted that he would not give up the independence of Holland, it would mean war with France. Count Benedottti was present at the interview when these facts were elicited.

The secret treaty, which was projected between France and Prussia, monopolize the attention here of the public press and Parliament. There is intense indignation at the duplicity of the powers involved in the treaty. The Emperor is considered insulting to England. Complete ignorance of the negotiation is professed by the French Embassy here. A despatch from Brussels says the account of the treaty published in the London Times says that the Belgian Government knew of its existence a short time ago.

LONDON, July 27.—The Times maintains its publication of the proposed secret treaty between France and Prussia is a most one good effect; it secured the neutrality of Belgium, which, without the warning, would have been liable to violation at any moment.

The British foreign office has received an imperative demand from Prussia that England shall stop the shipment of coal to France, or abandon her position of neutrality.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—It is certain England will take no part in the war between France and Belgium.

The Times says that Gladstone's speech at the Mansion House meeting on Saturday evening proves that he recommends war and is ready to meet the consequences.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Two well-known merchants, whose names are withheld for prudential reasons, absconded after overdrawing £20,000 each from the bank.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Horsemen said to be scarce in both England and France. The Germans need them for cavalry and the French for artillery.

It is understood that England has determined to

make the invasion of Belgium a *casus belli*. But the Powers will summon the Powers who guaranteed her neutrality to her assistance as soon as her territory is invaded, and England will respond.

A correspondent of the *Times* warns the public against precipitation in forming any opinion of the merits of the two powers in the present war, and points out how widely England erred regarding the merits of the two powers in the Crimean war.

The *Post* approves of Gladstone's policy of peace so long as Belgium remains untouched. It refers to the old treaties between the United States and Russia, and says that the United States would have been the last to start a war, but that the United States will probably become a dead letter for the United States, particularly as England pays no attention to them.

London, Aug. 6. The Paris correspondent of the *New York Times* says that the enthusiasm has entirely disappeared in Paris. It is now evident that war with Germany means a prolonged struggle, and that the French Government is determined to defend their own country, and if possible, give the Emperor such a lesson that hereafter his peculiar mode of making his will be rendered impossible.

The announcement that the fortifications of Paris are to be placed in a condition of defence, and that the Government intend to make the city a fortress, have singularly dampened the ardor of those who imagined that within a fortnight a glorious peace, which would mark the triumph of the policy of the French Republic, would be signed in Berlin.

We are still told that the Germans are dreading the idea of encountering the *Mitrailleurs* and *Tuross* but the legend has not the desired effect.

LONDON, AUG. 6. (*Tribe's Special*.)—Our special cable from Paris, Tuesday, writes that the public mind is filled with distrust of English neutrality. Nothing will satisfy Germany, unless the matter is made a question of peace. It is believed that the French are purchasing car-

LONDON, Aug. 8.—In the House of Commons today, Earl Granville stated that the neutrality of Belgium was now assured; the Powers now at war had concurred in a pledge to support it. The speaker said that the French Government was in a critical position. The momentous question arose whether the Emperor's leave leaves him in possession of his ordinary faculties. The war in Belgium was a tragedy, but it was not a tragedy created by the random and purposeless strategy and the puzzling inaction which probably brought calamity to the National arms. The Emperor is now bound under a solemn responsibility to the French people for the policy of controlling forces and restoring spirits to a defeated army, and this while the enemy is concentrating at the heart of Loraine. Circumstances will soon exact the appearance of Emperor as mediator.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Our special fair correspond-

ent writes: "From what I hear of the feeling among the people and the army, I think it more than possible that Napoleon will be forced to resign. The army will not follow his amateur Generalissimo. Possibly he has already been forced to resign. His factotum, Leboeuf, will also retire. Bazine will command the army, and will be able to do so, because he has been in Italy, and the expected reinforcement of 100,000 Italian troops, is certainly false. No matter what the King of Italy may have promised, the reinforcements will not come."

A special cable despatch from London, says the letters from Metz speak most undisguisedly of the calamitous and fatal incapacity of the Emperor. Marshal Leboeuf and all the military leaders, commandants of the army, are in a state of confusion. The confidence of the army, and a change in command was an absolute necessity to prevent mutiny.

The Prussian victory made a great impression. The *Daily News* today has the remarks: "We have seen the Emperor look for a change of hard blows; the French Emperor cannot afford under the circumstances, to consult merely military considerations."

interest in the movement of the Prussian army, the effect of this defeat on Weissenburg must be wiped out at whatever price may be necessary to pay for it. It is understood that Marshal McMahon was just about to start for Metz, when the news of the defeat reached the Emperor, when this unexpected blow was struck, having carried away with him a plan of campaign. It is uncertain whether this unforeseen event will interfere with that plan or not. All that is known of the French army bids us look for a serious effort to avenge the defeat.

On Monday, Aug. 5, a ship will enter the Elbe and Weiser, notwithstanding the blockade. A French man is cruising off Dover.

Pleasure travelling continues in Switzerland, despite the threatened invasion of the seat of the Emperor.

Bets are offered here that the Russian army will be in Paris in a fortnight.

Telegrams from Paris.

METZ, July 29.—Great excitement prevailed as the news that the Prussians are moving; this cause has been the subject of many speculations and rumors. There is little doubt that the main body will strike through Rhenish Bavaria, and an advance of the Prussian army will be the result.

PARIS, July 29.—The French will pay in gold for everything they take in the enemy's country.

England's violation of neutrality in supplying the Emperor's army with arms and munitions has been complained of.

The Emperor's reception at Metz was very impressive.